

## MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY FOR POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS OF SARS-COV-2 REFERRAL FORM

Dear Provider: Thank you for referring your patient to receive a monoclonal antibody for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) of COVID-19. Monoclonal antibodies are authorized under FDA Emergency Use Authorization (EUA). Please supply the following information for our team to be able to assess your referral. Final determination of which monoclonal antibody your patient receives will be determined by our team.

Please fax this form to Lifespan at 401-793-7659

BASIC DEMOGRAPH	IC INFORMAT	ION		
Patient Name:			Date of Birth: _	Age:
Gender:	_ Preferred L	.anguage:	Phone:	
Address:				
Contact Person for Sc	heduling (if diffe	erent from patient):		Phone:
Patient Accessibility:	Ambulatory	Requires wheelchair	Requires Stretcher	
Referring Provider's na	ame:			NPI No.:
Referring Provider's pl	none number: _		<del></del>	
Referring Provider's ac	ddress:			
COVID-19 RELATED	INFORMATIO	N		
Date of COVID-19 exp	osure:	Date of ne	egative COVID-19 tes	t after exposure:
Patient is asymptomat	ic: Yes	No		
EUA Criteria for Use o	f Monoclonal A	ntibodies for PEP of COV	ID-19, please check v	which of the following applies:
	ully vaccinated	•	response to complete	e COVID-19 vaccination <sup>2</sup>
Patient has be AND time from Patient is at hi	en exposed to n initial exposul gh risk of expo	re ≤ 7 days, <b>OR</b>	ted with COVID-19 be	at with close contact criteria per CDC <sup>3</sup> ecause of occurrence in other
<u>High-Risk Criteria:</u> Patient is at hi		ression to severe COVID-	·19. including hospital	lization or death (refer to CDC

Counseling Requirements: (must select all for eligibility)

website)4

Referring Provider has reviewed the FDA EUA with patient/caregiver and has:

Provided the "Fact Sheet for Patient, Parents and Caregivers", AND

Informed patient/caregiver of alternatives to receiving a monoclonal antibody for PEP of COVID-19, **AND** Informed patient/caregiver monoclonal antibodies for PEP of COVID-19 are unapproved drugs that are authorized for use under EUA



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## **RELEVANT MEDICAL HISTORY**

Patient's weight (kg):	Patient's height (inches):	BMI:	
Current medications:			
Allergies:			
Past Medical History:			
s the patient pregnant? Yes	No		
Please check if patient has histo	ry of any of the following		
Age <u>&gt;</u> 65			
Overweight or Obesity			
Cardiovascular disease			
Cerebrovascular disease	9		
Hypertension			
Chronic obstructive pulm	nonary disease or other chronic lung disea	ise	
Chronic kidney disease	•		
Chronic liver disease			
Diabetes			
Immunosuppressive dise	ease		
Use of immunosuppress			
Dementia or other neuro	_		
Sickle cell disease or tha	-		
Other risk factors for sev			

<sup>1</sup>Individuals are considered fully vaccinated 2 weeks after their second vaccine dose in a 2-dose series (such as the Pfizer or Moderna vaccines), or 2 weeks after a single-dose vaccine (such as Johnson's Janssen vaccine).

<sup>2</sup>Including patients with immunocompromising conditions. Evidence of reduced antibody response or reduced immunogenicity of COVID-19 mRNA vaccination has specifically been observed in the following groups: people taking certain immunosuppressive medications like rituximab or mycophenolate, people with hematologic cancers, and hemodialysis patients.

<sup>3</sup>Close contact with an infected individual is defined as: being within 6 feet for a total of 15 minutes or more, providing care at home to someone who is sick, having direct physical contact with the person (hugging or kissing, for example), sharing eating or drinking utensils, or being exposed to respiratory droplets from an infected person (sneezing or coughing, for example)

<sup>4</sup>Medical conditions and factors associated with increased risk for progression to severe COVID-19 include: Age ≥65, overweight or obesity, cardiovascular disease, cerebrovascular disease, hypertension, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or other chronic lung disease, chronic kidney disease, chronic liver disease, diabetes, immunosuppressive disease, use of immunosuppressive agents, dementia or other neurological condition, down syndrome, sickle cell disease or thalassemia, current or former smoker, substance use, pregnancy, presence of medical-related technological dependence (e.g. tracheostomy, gastrostomy). This is not an exhaustive list; consider risks vs. benefits for each individual patient